

EMSA Legislative Update

Analyze Bills as of Monday, March 13, 2023

AB 40 ([Rodriguez](#) D) Emergency medical services.

Status: 1/26/2023-Referred to Coms. on E.M. and HEALTH.

Location: 1/26/2023-A. EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT

Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Conf.	Enrolled	Vetoed	Chartered
								Conc.			

Calendar:

3/27/2023 2:30 p.m. - State Capitol, Room 444 ASSEMBLY EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT, RODRIGUEZ, FREDDIE, Chair

Summary:

The Emergency Medical Services System and the Prehospital Emergency Medical Care Personnel Act creates the Emergency Medical Services Authority, which is responsible for the coordination of various state activities concerning emergency medical services. Among other duties, current law requires the authority to develop planning and implementation guidelines for EMS systems, provide technical assistance to existing agencies, counties, and cities for the purpose of developing the components of EMS systems, and receive plans for the implementation of EMS and trauma care systems from local EMS agencies.

Current law makes a violation of the act or regulations adopted pursuant to the act punishable as a misdemeanor. This bill would require the authority to develop an electronic signature for use between the emergency department medical personnel at a receiving facility and the transporting emergency medical personnel that captures the points in time when the hospital receives notification of ambulance arrival and when transfer of care is executed for documentation of ambulance patient offload time, as defined. The bill would require the authority to develop a statewide standard of 20 minutes, 90% of the time, for ambulance patient offload time.

AB 55 ([Rodriguez](#) D) Emergency medical services.

Status: 1/26/2023-Referred to Com. on HEALTH.

Location: 1/26/2023-A. HEALTH

Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Conf.	Enrolled	Vetoed	Chartered
								Conc.			

Summary:

Current law requires, with exceptions, that the reimbursement to emergency medical transport providers for emergency medical transports, as defined, be increased by application of an add-on to the associated Medi-Cal fee-for-service payment schedule. Current law requires that the add-on increase be calculated on or before June 15, 2018, and remain the same for later state fiscal years, to the extent the department determines federal financial participation is available and is not otherwise jeopardized. Under current law, the resulting fee-for-service payment schedule amounts are equal to the sum of the Medi-Cal fee-for-service payment schedule amount for the 2015–16 state fiscal year and the add-on increase. This bill would set the Medi-Cal fee-for-service reimbursement rate for emergency medical transports at \$350 per transport. Under the bill, the resulting fee-for-service payment schedule amounts would instead be equal to the sum of the Medi-Cal fee-for-service payment schedule amount, based on the \$350 rate, and the add-on increase.

[**AB 70**](#) ([Rodriguez](#) D) **Emergency response: trauma kits.**

Status: 1/26/2023-Referred to Coms. on HEALTH and JUD.

Location: 1/26/2023-A. HEALTH

Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Conf.	Enrolled	Vetoed	Chaptered
1st House				2nd House				Conc.			

Calendar:

3/14/2023 1:30 p.m. - 1021 O Street, Room 1100 ASSEMBLY HEALTH, WOOD, JIM, Chair

Summary:

Current law requires the person or entity responsible for managing the building, facility, and tenants of certain occupied structures, including those that are owned or operated by a local government entity, and that are constructed on or after January 1, 2023, to comply with certain requirements, including acquiring and placing at least 6 trauma kits on the premises, as specified. This bill would apply the trauma kit requirement to certain structures that are constructed prior to January 1, 2023, and subject to subsequent modifications, renovations, or tenant improvements, as specified.

[**AB 360**](#) ([Gipson](#) D) **Excited delirium.**

Status: 3/7/2023-Coauthors revised. From committee: Do pass and re-refer to Com. on JUD. (Ayes 7. Noes 0.) (March 7). Re-referred to Com. on JUD.

Location: 3/7/2023-A. JUD.

Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Conf.	Enrolled	Vetoed	Chartered
				1st House			2nd House	Conf. Conc.			

Calendar:

3/14/2023 9 a.m. - State Capitol, Room 437

ASSEMBLY JUDICIARY, MAIENSCHEN, BRIAN, Chair

Summary:

Current law specifies the content of a certificate of death and sets forth the persons responsible for completing the certificate of death. Current law requires certain medical and health content on the certificate. This bill would prohibit "excited delirium," as defined, from being recognized as a valid medical diagnosis or cause of death in this state. The bill would prohibit a coroner or medical examiner from stating on the certificate of death or in any report that the cause of death was excited delirium.

[**AB 379**](#) ([Rodriguez](#) D) **Emergency medical services.**

Status: 2/3/2023-From printer. May be heard in committee March 5.

Location: 2/2/2023-A. PRINT

Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Conf.	Enrolled	Vetoed	Chartered
				1st House			2nd House	Conf. Conc.			

Summary:

The Emergency Medical Services System Act establishes the Emergency Medical Services Authority (EMSA), which is responsible for the coordination and integration of all emergency medical services. Current law authorizes each county to develop an emergency medical services program and requires a county that does so to designate a local EMS agency (LEMSA). Among other duties, the LEMSA is responsible for implementation of advanced life support systems and limited advanced life support systems and for the monitoring of training programs. This bill would state the intent of the Legislature to enact legislation requiring increased LEMSA transparency to the EMSA.

[**AB 482**](#) ([Wilson](#) D) **Air ambulance services.**

Last Amended: 3/9/2023

Status: 3/9/2023-Referred to Com. on HEALTH. From committee chair, with author's amendments: Amend, and re-refer to Com. on HEALTH. Read second time and amended.

Location: 3/9/2023-A. HEALTH

Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Conf.	Enrolled	Vetoed	Chtered
1st House				2nd House				Conc.			

Summary:

The Emergency Medical Air Transportation Act imposed a penalty of \$4 until December 31, 2022, upon every conviction for a violation of the Vehicle Code or a local ordinance adopted pursuant to the Vehicle Code, other than a parking offense. The act requires the county or court that imposed the fine to transfer the revenues collected to the Treasurer for deposit into the Emergency Medical Air Transportation and Children's Coverage Fund. Current law requires the assessed penalty to continue to be collected, administered, and distributed until exhausted or until December 31, 2023, whichever occurs first. Current law establishes the Aeronautics Account in the State Transportation Fund, and continuously appropriates the moneys in the account for expenditure for airport purposes by the Division of Aeronautics within the Department of Transportation and the California Transportation Commission. This bill would annually transfer \$8,000,000 from the Aeronautics Account to the Emergency Medical Air Transportation and Children's Coverage Fund and continuously appropriate those moneys to augment Medi-Cal reimbursement for emergency medical air transportation and related costs.

[AB 532](#) ([Lackey R](#)) **Emergency medical services.**

Status: 2/9/2023-From printer. May be heard in committee March 11.

Location: 2/8/2023-A. PRINT

Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Conf.	Enrolled	Vetoed	Chtered
1st House				2nd House				Conc.			

Summary:

The Emergency Medical Services System and the Prehospital Emergency Medical Care Personnel Act establishes the Emergency Medical Services Authority. Under current law, the authority is responsible for the coordination and integration of all state activities concerning emergency medical services. This bill would make technical, nonsubstantive changes to those provisions.

[AB 597](#) ([Rodriguez D](#)) **Workers' compensation: first responders: post-traumatic stress.**

Last Amended: 2/23/2023

Status: 2/27/2023-Re-referred to Com. on INS.

Location: 2/17/2023-A. INS.

Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Conf.	Enrolled	Vetoed	Chtered
1st House				2nd House				Conc.			

Summary:

Current law provides, until January 1, 2025, that, for certain state and local firefighting personnel and peace officers, the term “injury” includes post-traumatic stress that develops or manifests during a period in which the injured person is in the service of the department or unit. Existing law requires the compensation awarded pursuant to this provision to include full hospital, surgical, medical treatment, disability indemnity, and death benefits. This bill would, for injuries occurring on or after January 1, 2024, make that provision applicable to emergency medical technicians and paramedics, as defined.

AB 716 ([Boerner Horvath](#) D) Emergency ground medical transportation.

Status: 2/27/2023-Re-referred to Coms. on E.M. and HEALTH pursuant to Assembly Rule 96.

Location: 2/27/2023-A. EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT

Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Conf.	Enrolled	Vetoed	Chaptered
								Conf. Conc.			

Summary:

Current law requires the Emergency Medical Services Authority to report specified information, including reporting ambulance patient offload time twice per year to the Commission on Emergency Medical Services. This bill would require the authority to annually report the allowable maximum rates for ground ambulance transportation services in each county, including trending the rates by county, as specified. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.

AB 767 ([Gipson](#) D) Community Paramedicine or Triage to Alternate Destination Act.

Status: 2/23/2023-Referred to Com. on HEALTH.

Location: 2/23/2023-A. HEALTH

Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Conf.	Enrolled	Vetoed	Chapters
								Conf. Conc.			

Summary:

Would expand the allowable community paramedicine services program specialties to include providing short-term, postdischarge followup for persons recently discharged from a hospital due to a serious health condition, including collaboration with, and by providing referral to, home health services when eligible. The bill would require, on or before January 1, 2025, the authority to amend regulations to include that program specialty. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.

[AB 902](#) ([Rodriguez](#) D) Ambulances: fee and toll exemptions.

Status: 2/23/2023-Referred to Com. on TRANS.

Location: 2/23/2023-A. TRANS.

Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Conf.	Enrolled	Vetoed	Chtered
								Conf. Conc.			

Summary:

Current law provides for the exemption of authorized emergency vehicles from the payment of a toll or charge on a vehicular crossing, toll highway, or high-occupancy toll (HOT) lane and any related fines, when the authorized emergency vehicle is being driven under specified conditions, including, among others, the vehicle is displaying an exempt license plate and a public agency identification, such as "Police." This bill would extend the exemption from fees imposed under the Vehicle Code to a vehicle owned by a public or private entity used as an authorized emergency vehicle, as defined. The bill would include in the exemption of an authorized emergency vehicle exempt from the payment of a toll or charge a vehicle displaying an exempt license plate and emergency identification, including, but not limited to, "Ambulance."

[AB 941](#) ([Waldron](#) R) Controlled substances: emergency use.

Status: 2/15/2023-From printer. May be heard in committee March 17.

Location: 2/14/2023-A. PRINT

Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Conf.	Enrolled	Vetoed	Chtered
								Conf. Conc.			

Summary:

Current law, the California Uniform Controlled Substances Act, regulates the distribution and use of controlled substances, as defined. The act authorizes a hospital that does not employ a resident pharmacist to purchase controlled substances as specified to provide a supply of controlled substances necessary to handle emergency cases. This bill would make technical, nonsubstantive changes to these provisions.

[AB 1060](#) ([Ortega](#) D) Emergency medical services.

Status: 2/16/2023-From printer. May be heard in committee March 18.

Location: 2/15/2023-A. PRINT

Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Conf.	Enrolled	Vetoed	Chtered
								Conf. Conc.			

Summary:

The Emergency Medical Services System and the Prehospital Emergency Medical Care Personnel Act establishes the Emergency Medical Services Authority. Under current law, the authority is responsible for the coordination and integration of all state activities concerning emergency medical services. This bill would make technical, nonsubstantive changes to those provisions.

AB 1180 ([Rodriguez](#) D) Emergency medical services.

Status: 3/2/2023-Referred to Com. on HEALTH.

Location: 3/2/2023-A. HEALTH

Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Conf.	Enrolled	Vetoed	Chaptered
				1st House			2nd House	Conc.			

Summary:

Current law establishes the Emergency Medical Services Authority, and requires the authority to be headed by a director who is a licensed physician and surgeon with substantial experience in the practice of emergency medicine. This bill would remove the requirement that the director be a licensed physician and surgeon with substantial experience in the practice of emergency medicine and would instead require the director to have substantial experience in the practice of emergency preparedness, response, and recovery.

AB 1601 ([Alvarez](#) D) Involuntary commitment.

Status: 3/9/2023-Referred to Coms. on HEALTH and JUD.

Location: 3/9/2023-A. HEALTH

Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Conf.	Enrolled	Vetoed	Chaptered
				1st House			2nd House	Conc.			

Summary:

Existing law, the Lanterman-Petris-Short Act, authorizes the involuntary commitment and treatment of persons with specified mental disorders. Under the act, when a person, as a result of a mental health disorder, is a danger to self or others, or gravely disabled, the person may, upon probable cause, be taken into custody by specified individuals, including, among others, by peace officers and designated members of a mobile crisis team, and placed in a facility designated by the county and approved by the State Department of Health Care Services for up to 72 hours for evaluation and treatment. This bill would additionally authorize a person to be taken into custody pursuant to those provisions by a paramedic or emergency medical technician.

[AB 1612](#) ([Pacheco](#) D) Emergency Medical Services Authority.

Status: 2/18/2023-From printer. May be heard in committee March 20.

Location: 2/17/2023-A. PRINT

Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Conf.	Enrolled	Vetoed	Chtered
								Conf. Conc.			

Summary:

Existing law, the Emergency Medical Services System and the Prehospital Emergency Medical Care Personnel Act, establishes the Emergency Medical Services Authority, which is responsible for the coordination of various state activities concerning emergency medical services (EMS), including development of planning and implementation guidelines for EMS systems. This bill would make technical, nonsubstantive changes to the provision establishing the authority.

[SB 67](#) ([Seyarto](#) R) Controlled substances: overdose reporting.

Last Amended: 2/13/2023

Status: 2/13/2023-From committee with author's amendments. Read second time and amended. Re-referred to Com. on HEALTH.

Location: 1/18/2023-S. HEALTH

Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Conf.	Enrolled	Vetoed	Chtered
								Conf. Conc.			

Summary:

Would require an emergency medical services provider who treats and releases or transports an individual to a medical facility who is experiencing a suspected or an actual overdose to report the incident to the Emergency Medical Services Authority. The bill requires the authority to report the data gathered pursuant to the bill to the Overdose Detection Mapping Application Program managed by the Washington/Baltimore High Intensity Drug Trafficking Area program.

Total Measures: 17

Total Tracking Forms: 17

[AB 19](#) ([Patterson, Joe](#) R) Pupil health: opioid antagonists.**Last Amended:** 2/27/2023**Status:** 3/1/2023-Measure version as amended on February 27 corrected.**Location:** 1/26/2023-A. ED.

Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Conf.	Enrolled	Vetoed	Chartered
1st House				2nd House				Conf.	Conc.		

Summary:

Current law authorizes school districts, county offices of education, and charter schools to provide emergency naloxone hydrochloride or another opioid antagonist to school nurses or voluntary trained personnel, and authorizes those nurses and voluntary trained personnel to use naloxone hydrochloride or another opioid antagonist to provide emergency medical aid to persons suffering, or reasonably believed to be suffering, from an opioid overdose, as provided. This bill would require each individual public school operated by a school district, county office of education, or charter school to maintain at least two doses of naloxone hydrochloride or another opioid antagonist for purposes of those authorizations.

[AB 24](#) ([Haney](#) D) Emergency response: opioid antagonist kits.**Last Amended:** 3/6/2023**Status:** 3/7/2023-Re-referred to Com. on HEALTH.**Location:** 2/2/2023-A. HEALTH

Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Conf.	Enrolled	Vetoed	Chartered
1st House				2nd House				Conf.	Conc.		

Summary:

Current law requires the State Department of Public Health, subject to an appropriation in the Budget Act of 2016, to award funding to local health departments, local governmental agencies, or on a competitive basis to other organizations, as specified, to support or establish programs that provide naloxone to first responders and to at-risk opioid users through programs that serve at-risk drug users. Current law exempts from civil liability any person who, in good faith and not for compensation, renders emergency medical or nonmedical care or assistance at the scene of an emergency other than an act or omission constituting gross negligence or willful or wanton misconduct. This bill would

require a person or entity that owns, manages, or is responsible for a designated facility, defined as a bar, as defined, gas station, public library, or residential hotel, as defined, in a county that is experiencing an opioid overdose crisis, as defined, to acquire and post an opioid antagonist kit, which includes an instructional poster and opioid antagonist nasal spray, in areas that are readily accessible only by employees, including, but not limited to, a break room, and to restock the opioid antagonist kit after each use. The bill would apply the provisions governing civil liability described above to a person or designated facility that provides aid with an opioid antagonist kit stored at the designated facility. The bill would provide that a designated facility and its employees have no obligation to provide an opioid antagonist in the event of an apparent overdose and shall face no liability if they fail to identify an apparent overdose or provide an opioid antagonist, and that a designated facility is not obligated to acquire, post, or restock opioid antagonist kits under specified circumstances. The bill would require the department to provide opioid antagonist kits free of charge, to create the opioid antagonist poster with easy-to-understand instructions and graphics on the administration of the attached opioid antagonist nasal spray, and to make the determination on how best to allocate and distribute its limited supply of opioid antagonist among its various programs in the event of an opioid antagonist supply shortage.

[AB 33](#) ([Bains](#) D) Fentanyl Addiction and Overdose Prevention Task Force.

Last Amended: 3/9/2023

Status: 3/9/2023-From committee chair, with author's amendments: Amend, and re-refer to Com. on HEALTH. Read second time and amended.

Location: 3/2/2023-A. HEALTH

Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Conf.	Enrolled	Vetoed	Chartered
								Conc.			

Calendar:

3/21/2023 1:30 p.m. - 1021 O Street, Room 1100 ASSEMBLY HEALTH, WOOD, JIM, Chair

Summary:

Would establish the Fentanyl Addiction and Overdose Prevention Task Force to undertake various duties relating to fentanyl abuse, including, among others, collecting and organizing data on the nature and extent of fentanyl abuse in California and evaluating approaches to increase public awareness of fentanyl abuse. The bill would require the task force to be cochaired by the Attorney General and the Surgeon General, or their designees, and would specify the

membership of the task force. The bill would require the first meeting of the task force to take place no later than March 1, 2024, and would require the task force to meet at least once every 2 months. The bill would require the task force to submit an interim report to the Attorney General, the Governor, and the Legislature by July 1, 2025, and would require the task force to report its findings and recommendations to the Attorney General, the Governor, and the Legislature by July 1, 2025. The bill would repeal these provisions on January 1, 2026.

[AB 92](#) ([Connolly](#) D) Body armor: prohibition.

Last Amended: 3/1/2023

Status: 3/2/2023-Re-referred to Com. on APPR.

Location: 2/28/2023-A. APPR.

Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Conf.	Enrolled	Vetoed	Chaptered
								Conc.			

Summary:

Would make it a misdemeanor for a person who is prohibited from possessing a firearm under the laws of this state to purchase, own, or possess body armor, as specified.

[AB 255](#) ([Alanis](#) R) Public postsecondary education: priority registration for first responders.

Status: 2/2/2023-Referred to Com. on HIGHER ED.

Location: 2/2/2023-A. HIGHER ED.

Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Conf.	Enrolled	Vetoed	Chaptered
								Conc.			

Calendar:

3/21/2023 1:30 p.m. - State Capitol, Room 437 ASSEMBLY HIGHER EDUCATION, FONG, MIKE, Chair

Summary:

Current law establishes the California Community Colleges, the California State University, and the University of California as the 3 segments of public postsecondary education in the state. Current law requires the California State University and each community college district, and requests the University of California, with respect to each campus in their respective jurisdictions that administers a priority enrollment system, to grant priority registration for enrollment to specified individuals, including, among others, a member or former member of the Armed Forces of the United States, as specified. This bill would

require the California State University and each community college district, and would request the University of California, with respect to each campus in their respective jurisdictions that administers a priority enrollment system, to grant priority for registration for enrollment to first responders, as defined.

AB 277 ([Rodriguez](#) D) Extreme Weather Forecast and Threat Intelligence Integration Center.

Status: 2/9/2023-Referred to Coms. on E.M. and W., P., & W.

Location: 2/9/2023-A. EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT

Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Conf.	Enrolled	Vetoed	Chaptered
								Conc.			

Calendar:

3/13/2023 Upon adjournment of Emergency Management Committee - State Capitol, Room 444 ASSEMBLY EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT, RODRIGUEZ, FREDDIE, Chair

Summary:

Would require the Office of Emergency Services and the Department of Water Resources to jointly establish and lead the Extreme Weather Forecast and Threat Intelligence Integration Center for the purpose of collecting, assessing, and analyzing extreme weather data and atmospheric conditions, as specified. The bill would require that the center be composed of representatives from specified organizations and would authorize the office and the department to invite other organizations to designate additional representatives, as specified.

AB 296 ([Rodriguez](#) D) Office of Emergency Services: 9-1-1 Public Education Campaign.

Status: 2/9/2023-Referred to Coms. on E.M. and C. & C.

Location: 2/9/2023-A. EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT

Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Conf.	Enrolled	Vetoed	Chaptered
								Conc.			

Calendar:

3/27/2023 2:30 p.m. - State Capitol, Room 444 ASSEMBLY EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT, RODRIGUEZ, FREDDIE, Chair

Summary:

Would establish the 911 Public Education Campaign, to be administered by the Office of Emergency Services, for the purpose of educating the public on when it is appropriate to call 911 for assistance. The bill would include in the goals of the campaign, among others, reducing the number of unnecessary calls to 911 call

centers and reducing delays in the 911 system caused by nonemergency calls being placed. The bill would authorize the office to use federal preparedness grant funds or funds appropriated by the Legislature for these purposes to implement these provisions.

[AB 301](#) ([Bauer-Kahan](#) D) Gun violence restraining orders: body armor.

Last Amended: 3/2/2023

Status: 3/6/2023-Re-referred to Com. on PUB. S.

Location: 2/2/2023-A. PUB. S.

Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Conf.	Enrolled	Vetoed	Chaptered
								Conc.			

Calendar:

3/14/2023 9 a.m. - State Capitol, Room 126 ASSEMBLY PUBLIC SAFETY, JONES-SAWYER, REGINALD, Chair

Summary:

Current law authorizes a court to issue an ex parte gun violence restraining order prohibiting the subject of the petition from having custody or control of, owning, purchasing, possessing, or receiving, or attempting to purchase or receive a firearm or ammunition when it is shown that there is a substantial likelihood that the subject of the petition poses a significant danger of harm to themselves or to another person in the near future by having custody or control of, owning, purchasing, possessing, or receiving a firearm, and that the order is necessary to prevent personal injury to themselves or to another. Current law requires the court, when determining whether grounds for a gun violence restraining order exists, to consider evidence of, among other things, a recent threat of violence by the subject of the petition, and also authorizes the court to consider evidence of, among other things, recent acquisition of firearms, ammunition, or other deadly weapons by the subject of the petition. This bill would additionally authorize the court to consider evidence of acquisition of body armor when determining whether grounds for a gun violence restraining order exist.

[AB 415](#) ([Rodriguez](#) D) Emergency Fairgrounds Communications Grant Act.

Status: 2/9/2023-Referred to Coms. on E.M. and C. & C.

Location: 2/9/2023-A. EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT

Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Conf.	Enrolled	Vetoed	Chaptered
								Conc.			

Calendar:

3/13/2023 Upon adjournment of Emergency Management Committee - State Capitol, Room 444 ASSEMBLY EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT, RODRIGUEZ, FREDDIE, Chair

Summary:

Would enact the Emergency Fairgrounds Communications Grant Act and would require, on or before January 1, 2025, the Office of Emergency Services to establish a grant program to provide fairgrounds with grant funding for the purpose of building and upgrading communication and internet infrastructure on fairgrounds. The bill would require the office to establish standards to determine the awarding of grant funding that award funding based on a fairground's need for internet capabilities in order to service an emergency response operation. The bill would require those standards to require, at a minimum, that a fairground receiving grant funds be located in an area with sufficient open-access middle-mile broadband infrastructure within a reasonable distance to support the fairground's expanded broadband capabilities and be capable of providing public access to the fairground's broadband network throughout the year. The bill would also require the office to consult with the Department of Technology and the Department of Food and Agriculture to coordinate the statewide building and upgrading of communication and internet infrastructure on fairgrounds. The bill would provide that the program is operative only upon an appropriation by the Legislature for its purposes.

[AB 461](#) (Ramos D) **Student safety: fentanyl test strips.**

Status: 2/17/2023-Referred to Com. on HIGHER ED.

Location: 2/17/2023-A. HIGHER ED.

Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Conf.	Enrolled	Vetoed	Chartered
								Conc.			

Calendar:

3/21/2023 1:30 p.m. - State Capitol, Room 437 ASSEMBLY HIGHER EDUCATION, FONG, MIKE, Chair

Summary:

Would require the governing board of each community college district and the Trustees of the California State University to provide information about the use and location of fentanyl test strips as part of established campus orientations and to notify students of the presence and location of fentanyl test strips. The bill would require the governing board of each community college district and the Trustees of the California State University to require that each campus health

center stock and distribute fentanyl test strips, as specified. By imposing new duties on community college districts, the bill would constitute a state-mandated local program. The bill would request that the Regents of the University of California comply with these requirements.

[**AB 462**](#) ([Ramos D](#)) Overdose response teams.

Last Amended: 3/2/2023

Status: 3/6/2023-Re-referred to Com. on PUB. S.

Location: 2/17/2023-A. PUB. S.

Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Conf.	Enrolled	Vetoed	Chaptered
	1st House				2nd House			Conc.			

Calendar:

3/14/2023 9 a.m. - State Capitol, Room 126 ASSEMBLY PUBLIC SAFETY, JONES-SAWYER, REGINALD, Chair

Summary:

Would, until January 1, 2029, establish the Overdose Response Team Fund, to be available upon appropriation by the Legislature, for the administration of grants by the Board of State and Community Corrections to county sheriffs' departments' task forces established for overdose response. The bill would authorize a department receiving a grant to establish and implement overdose response teams with the sheriffs' departments of those counties. The bill would require the teams to respond to and investigate overdose deaths and nonfatal overdoses. The bill would require counties participating in these programs to send annual reports to the Assembly Committee on Public Safety, including the number of arrests for specified crimes, the amount of fentanyl and opioids seized in each county, and the number of units of opioid antagonists administered, distributed, or recovered at each overdose scene.

[**AB 512**](#) ([Waldron R](#)) Mental health and substance use disorders: database of facilities.

Status: 2/17/2023-Referred to Com. on HEALTH.

Location: 2/17/2023-A. HEALTH

Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Conf.	Enrolled	Vetoed	Chaptered
	1st House				2nd House			Conc.			

Calendar:

3/14/2023 1:30 p.m. - 1021 O Street, Room 1100 ASSEMBLY HEALTH, WOOD, JIM, Chair

Summary:

Would require the California Health and Human Services Agency, either on its own or through the Behavioral Health Task Force established by the Governor, to create an ad hoc committee to study how to develop a real-time, internet-based system, usable by hospitals, clinics, law enforcement, paramedics and emergency medical technicians (EMTs), and other health care providers as deemed appropriate, to display information about available beds in inpatient psychiatric facilities, crisis stabilization units, residential community mental health facilities, and residential alcoholism or substance abuse treatment facilities in order to facilitate the identification and designation of available facilities for the transfer to, and temporary treatment of, individuals in mental health or substance use disorder crisis.

AB 619 (Fong, Vince R) State government: emergency services: nonprofit service providers.

Status: 2/17/2023-Referred to Com. on E.M.

Location: 2/17/2023-A. EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT

Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Conf.	Enrolled	Vetoed	Chartered
								Conf. Conc.			

Summary:

The California Emergency Services Act authorizes the Governor to declare a state of emergency during conditions of disaster or extreme peril to persons or property. Current law authorizes the Governor, during a state of emergency, to suspend any regulatory statute, or statute prescribing the procedure for conduct of state business, or the orders, rules, or regulations of any state agency, including provisions relating to eligibility to receive unemployment compensation benefits, if the Governor determines and declares that strict compliance with any statute, order, rule, or regulation would in any way prevent, hinder, or delay the mitigation of the effects of the emergency. Current law requires each department, division, bureau, board, commission, officer, and employee of this state to render all possible assistance to the Governor and to the Director of Emergency Services in carrying out the act. This bill would authorize a nonprofit entity that provides services pursuant to a contract with a state agency, during a state of war emergency or a state of emergency, to request the state agency to allow that nonprofit to modify the method in which it provides those services so long as the purpose of the contract is served.

AB 675 (Soria D) Narcotic treatment programs.

Status: 2/14/2023-From printer. May be heard in committee March 16.

Location: 2/13/2023-A. PRINT

Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Conf.	Enrolled	Vetoed	Chartered
				1st House		2nd House		Conf. Conc.			

Summary:

Current law establishes the California Health and Human Services Agency, under the direction of the Secretary of California Health and Human Services, which includes, among other departments, the State Department of Public Health and the State Department of Health Care Services. Current law provides for various programs to reduce the use of, and harm caused by, controlled substances, including opioids. Current law requires the agency to establish a grant program to reduce fentanyl overdoses and use throughout the state by giving out 6 one-time grants to increase local efforts in education, testing, recovery, and support services, as specified. This bill would make a technical, nonsubstantive change to that provision.

AB 699 (Weber D) Workers' compensation: presumed injuries.

Status: 2/23/2023-Referred to Com. on INS.

Location: 2/23/2023-A. INS.

Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Conf.	Enrolled	Vetoed	Chartered
				1st House		2nd House		Conf. Conc.			

Calendar:

3/22/2023 9 a.m. - State Capitol, Room 437 ASSEMBLY INSURANCE, CALDERON, LISA, Chair

Summary:

Current law establishes a workers' compensation system, administered by the Administrative Director of the Division of Workers' Compensation, to compensate an employee for injuries sustained in the course of employment. Current law creates a rebuttable presumption that specified injuries, such as meningitis, tuberculosis, or hernia, sustained in the course of employment of a specified member of law enforcement or a specified first responder arose out of and in the course of employment. Current law creates a rebuttable presumption that skin cancer that develops or manifests in the course of employment of a lifeguard, as specified, arose out of and in the course of employment. Current law authorizes a lifeguard to file a claim for skin cancer after employment has terminated for a specified period based on years of employment, not to exceed 60 months. This bill would expand presumptions for hernia, pneumonia, heart trouble, cancer,

tuberculosis, bloodborne infectious disease, methicillin-resistant Staphylococcus aureus skin infection, and meningitis-related illnesses and injuries to a lifeguard employed on a year-round, full-time basis in the Boating Safety Unit by the City of San Diego Fire-Rescue Department.

AB 864 ([Haney](#) D) Substance use disorder: telephone system.

Last Amended: 3/9/2023

Status: 3/9/2023-Referred to Com. on HEALTH. From committee chair, with author's amendments: Amend, and re-refer to Com. on HEALTH. Read second time and amended.

Location: 3/9/2023-A. HEALTH

Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Conf.	Enrolled	Vetoed	Chtered
	1st House				2nd House			Conc.			

Summary:

Current law authorizes the State Department of Health Care Services to certify qualified alcoholism or drug abuse recovery or treatment programs, as prescribed. Under existing law, the department regulates the quality of these programs, taking into consideration the significance of community-based programs to alcohol and other drug abuse recovery and the need to encourage opportunities for low-income and special needs populations to receive alcohol and other drug abuse recovery or treatment services. This bill would require the department to establish and maintain a 3-digit, statewide, nonemergency telephone system for substance use disorder treatment referrals.

AB 977 ([Rodriguez](#) D) Emergency departments: assault and battery.

Status: 2/23/2023-Referred to Com. on PUB. S.

Location: 2/23/2023-A. PUB. S.

Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Conf.	Enrolled	Vetoed	Chtered
	1st House				2nd House			Conc.			

Calendar:

3/21/2023 9 a.m. - State Capitol, Room 126 ASSEMBLY PUBLIC SAFETY, JONES-SAWYER, REGINALD, Chair

Summary:

Would also make an assault or battery committed against a physician, nurse, or other health care worker of a hospital engaged in providing services within the emergency department punishable by imprisonment in a county jail not exceeding one year, by a fine not exceeding \$2,000, or by both that fine and imprisonment.

The bill would authorize a health facility that maintains and operates an emergency department to post a notice in the emergency department stating that an assault or battery against staff is a crime, and may result in a criminal conviction, as provided. By expanding the scope of a crime, this bill would impose a state-mandated local program.

[AB 1001](#) ([Haney](#) D) Health facilities: behavioral health emergency services.

Status: 3/2/2023-Referred to Com. on HEALTH.

Location: 3/2/2023-A. HEALTH

Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Conf.	Enrolled	Vetoed	Chaptered
								Conc.			

Summary:

Would require a general acute care hospital to adopt policies to respond to a patient requiring behavioral health emergency services, as defined. The bill would require that these protocols meet standards established by the department and consist of various parameters such as minimum staffing requirements for behavioral health emergency services, procedures for response by behavioral health emergency services personnel in a timely manner, and annual training, as specified. The bill would require the department to adopt regulations on standards for general acute care hospitals related to behavioral health emergency services. The bill would require all hospitals to maintain records related to certain data on behavioral health emergency services provided for a period of 3 years and to report that data to the department on a quarterly basis. The bill would require the department to post quarterly reports on that data on its internet website.

[AB 1036](#) ([Bryan](#) D) Health care coverage: emergency medical transport.

Status: 3/2/2023-Referred to Com. on HEALTH.

Location: 3/2/2023-A. HEALTH

Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Conf.	Enrolled	Vetoed	Chaptered
								Conc.			

Calendar:

4/11/2023 1:30 p.m. - 1021 O Street, Room 1100 ASSEMBLY HEALTH, WOOD, JIM, Chair

Summary:

Current law requires a policy of disability insurance issued, amended, delivered, or renewed in this state on or after January 1, 1999, that provides hospital, medical, or surgical coverage with coverage for emergency health care services to include

coverage for emergency medical transportation services without regard to whether or not the emergency provider contracts with the insurer or to prior authorization. Current law establishes the Medi-Cal program, which is administered by the State Department of Health Care Services and under which qualified low-income individuals receive health care services. The Medi-Cal program is, in part, governed and funded by federal Medicaid program provisions. Current law establishes a schedule of benefits under the Medi-Cal program, including various emergency medical services. This bill would require a physician, upon an individual's arrival to an emergency department of a hospital, to certify in the treatment record whether an emergency medical condition existed, or was reasonably believed to have existed, and required emergency medical transportation services, as specified. This bill would, if a physician has certified that emergency medical transportation services according to these provisions, require a health care service plan, disability insurance policy, and Medi-Cal managed care plan, to provide coverage for emergency medical transport, consistent with an individual's plan or policy. The bill would specify that the indication by a physician pursuant to these provisions is limited to an assessment of the medical necessity of the emergency medical transport services, and does not apply or otherwise impact provisions regarding coverage for care provided following completion of the emergency medical transport. The bill would specify for Medi-Cal benefits, these provisions do not apply to various specified provisions relating to nonemergency transport services or any other law or regulation related to reimbursement or authorization requirements for services provided for emergency services and care.

[AB 1108](#) ([Calderon](#) D) County emergency plans.

Status: 3/2/2023-Referred to Com. on E.M.

Location: 3/2/2023-A. EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT

Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Conf.	Enrolled	Vetoed	Chapters
				1st House		2nd House		Conc.			

Summary:

Would require each county to review and update its emergency plan at least every 2 years. Because the bill would require local officials to perform additional duties, the bill would impose a state-mandated local program. The bill would remove the date by which the office is required to update the best practices referenced above.

[AB 1156](#) ([Bonta](#) D) Workers' compensation: hospital employees.

Status: 3/2/2023-Referred to Com. on INS.

Location: 3/2/2023-A. INS.

Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Conf.	Enrolled	Vetoed	Chartered
				1st House		2nd House		Conf. Conc.			

Summary:

Current law establishes a workers' compensation system, administered by the Administrative Director of the Division of Workers' Compensation, to compensate an employee for injuries sustained in the course of employment. Current law creates a rebuttable presumption that specified injuries sustained in the course of employment of a specified member of law enforcement or a specified first responder arose out of and in the course of employment. Current law, until January 1, 2024, creates a rebuttable presumption of injury for various employees, including an employee who works at a health facility, as defined, to include an illness or death resulting from COVID-19, if specified circumstances apply. This bill would define "injury," for a hospital employee who provides direct patient care in an acute care hospital, to include infectious diseases, cancer, musculoskeletal injuries, post-traumatic stress disorder, and respiratory diseases. The bill would include the 2019 novel coronavirus disease (COVID-19) from SARS-CoV-2 and its variants, among other conditions, in the definitions of infectious and respiratory diseases.

AB 1166 (Bains D) Liability for naloxone hydrochloride administration.

Status: 3/2/2023-Referred to Com. on JUD.

Location: 3/2/2023-A. JUD.

Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Conf.	Enrolled	Vetoed	Chartered
				1st House		2nd House		Conf. Conc.			

Summary:

Would provide that a person who is not trained in emergency medical services or as a health care provider and who, in good faith and not for compensation, renders treatment at the scene of an opioid overdose or suspected opioid overdose by administering naloxone hydrochloride is not liable for civil damages resulting from an act or omission. The bill would also provide that a person who furnishes naloxone hydrochloride to that untrained person for use at the scene of an opioid overdose or suspected opioid overdose is not liable for civil damages resulting from an act or omission.

AB 1276 (McKinnor D) Emergency response services: "911" call and dispatch data.

Status: 3/2/2023-Referred to Coms. on HEALTH and P. & C.P.

Location: 3/2/2023-A. HEALTH

Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Conf.	Enrolled	Vetoed	Chtered
								Conf. Conc.			

Summary:

Would require the University of California at Davis Health (UC Davis Health) to establish a program for the receipt and collection of "911" emergency call and dispatch data, in order to complete an analysis of the data for the purpose of improving emergency response services systems. The bill would require UC Davis Health to adopt uniform statewide data standards for "911" call and dispatch data, as specified, and to create a data portal that catalogs the collected data, aggregated on a statewide level, excluding any personally identifiable information.

[AB 1303](#) ([Rodriguez](#) D) California Emergency Services Act: disaster preparedness.

Status: 3/2/2023-Referred to Com. on E.M.

Location: 3/2/2023-A. EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT

Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Conf.	Enrolled	Vetoed	Chtered
								Conf. Conc.			

Summary:

Would require the California State Warning Center, within the Office of Emergency Services, to develop a process for private-sector fuel transporters to voluntarily share information, as specified, for the purpose of providing fuel to local and state public-safety agencies actively involved in responding to or recovering from a disaster.

[AB 1331](#) ([Wood](#) D) California Health and Human Services Data Exchange Framework: governing board.

Status: 3/2/2023-Referred to Com. on HEALTH.

Location: 3/2/2023-A. HEALTH

Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Conf.	Enrolled	Vetoed	Chtered
								Conf. Conc.			

Summary:

Current law establishes the California Health and Human Services Data Exchange Framework that includes a single data sharing agreement and common set of policies and procedures that govern and require the exchange of health information among health care entities and government agencies in California. Current law requires specified entities to execute the framework data sharing

agreement on or before January 31, 2023. This bill would establish the Data Exchange Framework governing board and require the board to approve any modifications to that data sharing agreement and its policies and procedures. The bill would require the governing board to consist of 5 members, appointed as specified.

AB 1467 (Alanis R) Nevaeh Youth Sports Safety Act.

Status: 3/9/2023-Referred to Com. on A., E., S., & T.

Location: 3/9/2023-A. A., E., S., T., & I.M.

Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Conf.	Enrolled	Vetoed	Chaptered
	1st House				2nd House			Conc.			

Summary:

Current law, the California Youth Football Act, requires a youth sports organization that conducts a tackle football program to comply with certain protocols, including a coach annually receiving first aid, cardiopulmonary resuscitation, and AED certification, and at least one independent nonrostered individual being present at all practice locations and holding current and active certification in AED protocols, among other credentials. This bill, the Nevaeh Youth Sports Safety Act, would require a youth sports organization that elects to offer an athletic program to ensure that its athletes have access to an AED during any official practice or match. The bill would require that an AED be administered, during an applicable medical circumstance, by a medical professional, coach, or other person designated by the youth sports organization, who holds AED certification and who complies with any other qualifications required pursuant to federal and state law applicable to the use of an AED.

AB 1651 (Sanchez R) Pupil health: emergency medical care: epinephrine auto-injectors.

Status: 3/9/2023-Referred to Com. on ED.

Location: 3/9/2023-A. ED.

Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Conf.	Enrolled	Vetoed	Chapters
	1st House				2nd House			Conc.			

Summary:

This bill would require school districts, county offices of education, and charter schools to, among other things, store emergency epinephrine auto-injectors in an accessible location upon need for emergency use and include that location in specified annual notices. The bill would authorize a school employee that is not a

school nurse or trained personnel to administer an epinephrine auto-injector to a person exhibiting potentially life-threatening symptoms of anaphylaxis at school or a school activity if a school nurse, trained personnel, or a physician is not available, as provided. To the extent the bill would impose additional duties on local educational agencies, the bill would impose a state-mandated local program. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.

[ACR 7](#) ([Ramos](#) D) Scott "Buckshot" Schwingel Memorial Highway.

Status: 1/26/2023-Referred to Com. on TRANS.

Location: 1/26/2023-A. TRANS.

Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Conf.	Enrolled	Vetoed	Chaptered
1st House		2nd House						Conc.			

Summary:

Would designate a portion of State Route 210, between Ayala Drive and N Riverside Ave, in the County of San Bernardino as the Scott "Buckshot" Schwingel Memorial Highway. The measure would request the Department of Transportation to determine the cost of appropriate signs showing this special designation and, upon receiving donations from nonstate sources covering that cost, to erect those signs.

[SB 10](#) ([Cortese](#) D) Pupil health: opioid overdose prevention and treatment.

Status: 3/2/2023-Set for hearing March 22.

Location: 1/18/2023-S. ED.

Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Conf.	Enrolled	Vetoed	Chaptered
1st House		2nd House						Conc.			

Calendar:

3/22/2023 9 a.m. - 1021 O Street, Room 2100 SENATE EDUCATION, NEWMAN, JOSH, Chair

Summary:

Current law, subject to an appropriation, requires the State Department of Education, on or before January 1, 2023, to recommend best practices and identify training programs for use by local educational agencies, as defined, to address youth behavioral health, including staff and pupil training. Current law requires the department to ensure that each identified training program, among other requirements, provides instruction on recognizing the signs and symptoms of youth behavioral health disorders, including common psychiatric conditions and substance use disorders, such as opioid and alcohol abuse. This bill would, on or

before July 1, 2024, add as a new requirement for the training programs the provision of instruction only to school staff on the use of emergency opioid antagonists for purposes of treating an opioid overdose, with the recommended training following specified standards and criteria.

SB 74 (Dodd D) State entities: state-owned or state-issued devices: social media platforms.

Last Amended: 2/14/2023

Status: 2/22/2023-Re-referred to Com. on G.O.

Location: 2/22/2023-S. G.O.

Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Conf.	Enrolled	Vetoed	Chartered
				1st House		2nd House		Conc.			

Summary:

Current law requires the Department of Technology to identify, assess, and prioritize high-risk, critical information technology services and systems across state government, as determined by the department, for modernization, stabilization, or remediation. Current law requires the Office of Emergency Services to establish and lead the California Cybersecurity Integration Center (CCIC). Existing law states that the CCIC's mission is to reduce the likelihood and severity of cyber incidents that could damage California's economy, its critical infrastructure, or public and private sector computer networks in the state. Current law requires the CCIC to serve as the central organizing hub of state government's cybersecurity activities and coordinate information sharing with specified entities, including local, state, and federal agencies. This bill would require state entities to prohibit applications for social media platforms from being downloaded or installed on those entities' state-owned or state-issued devices if specified conditions are met, including that an entity of concern or a country of concern directly or indirectly owns, directly or indirectly controls, or holds 10% or more of the voting shares of the social media company that owns the application. The bill would define various terms for these purposes. The bill would require the department to prepare and maintain a list of countries of concern, to post that list on the department's internet website, and, beginning on January 1, 2024, to update that list at least once per year.

SB 232 (Niello R) Mental health services: gravely disabled.

Status: 2/1/2023-Referred to Coms. on HEALTH and JUD.

Location: 2/1/2023-S. HEALTH

Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Conf.	Enrolled	Vetoed	Chartered
				1st House			2nd House	Conf. Conc.			

Summary:

The Lanterman-Petris-Short Act provides for the involuntary commitment and treatment of a person who is a danger to themselves or others or who is gravely disabled. The act also provides for a conservator of the person or estate to be appointed for a person who is gravely disabled. Other law exempts specified licensed general acute care hospitals, licensed acute psychiatric hospitals, licensed professional staff of those hospitals, or a physician and surgeon, providing emergency medical services in any department of those hospitals, from civil or criminal liability for detaining a person if certain conditions exist, including that the person cannot be safely released from the hospital because the person, as a result of a mental health disorder, presents a danger to themselves or others or is gravely disabled. Current law, for the purposes of these provisions, defines "gravely disabled," among other things, as a condition in which a person, as a result of a mental health disorder, is unable to provide for the basic personal needs of food, clothing, or shelter. This bill would change the definition of "gravely disabled" for these purposes to read, in part, a condition in which a person, as a result of a mental health disorder, is incapable of making informed decisions about, or providing for, their own basic personal needs for food, clothing, shelter, or medical care without significant supervision and assistance from another person and, as a result of being incapable of making these informed decisions, the person is at risk of substantial bodily harm, dangerous worsening of a concomitant serious physical illness, significant psychiatric deterioration, or mismanagement of essential needs that could result in bodily harm.

[SB 234](#) ([Portantino](#) D) Opioid antagonists: schools, college campuses, stadiums, concert venues, and amusement parks.

Status: 3/2/2023-Set for hearing March 22.

Location: 2/1/2023-S. ED.

Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Conf.	Enrolled	Vetoed	Chartered
				1st House			2nd House	Conf. Conc.			

Calendar:

3/22/2023 9 a.m. - 1021 O Street, Room 2100 SENATE EDUCATION, NEWMAN, JOSH, Chair

Summary:

Current law authorizes school districts, county offices of education, and charter

schools to provide emergency naloxone hydrochloride or another opioid antagonist, as defined, to school nurses or trained personnel who have volunteered, as provided. Current law authorizes school nurses or trained personnel to use naloxone hydrochloride or another opioid antagonist to provide emergency medical aid to persons suffering, or reasonably believed to be suffering, from an opioid overdose. Current law authorizes each public and private elementary and secondary school in the state to determine whether or not to make emergency naloxone hydrochloride or another opioid antagonist and trained personnel available at its school, as provided. This bill would require each public and elementary and secondary school in the state, including charter schools, to maintain unexpired doses of naloxone hydrochloride or any other opioid antagonist on its schoolsite at all times, and to ensure that at least 2 employees are aware of the location of the naloxone hydrochloride or other opioid antagonist.

SB 318 ([Ochoa Bogh R](#)) “2-1-1” information and referral network.

Status: 2/15/2023-Referred to Com. on HUMANS S.

Location: 2/15/2023-S. HUM. S.

Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Conf.	Enrolled	Vetoed	Chambered
								Conf. Conc.			

Calendar:

4/17/2023 3 p.m. or upon adjournment of Session - 1021 O Street, Room 2200
SENATE HUMAN SERVICES, ALVARADO-GIL, MARIE, Chair

Summary:

Pursuant to authority delegated by the Federal Communications Commission to state regulatory bodies and its existing statutory authority, the Public Utilities Commission has established procedures for implementing 2-1-1 dialing in California. Current law, until January 1, 2023, authorized the commission, if it determined that doing so was an appropriate use of funds collected from ratepayers, to expend up to \$1,500,000 from the California Teleconnect Fund Administrative Committee Fund to help close 2-1-1 service gaps in counties lacking access to disaster preparedness, response, and recovery information and referral services, where technically feasible, through available 2-1-1 service. Current law establishes various public social services programs, administered by the State Department of Social Services. This bill would, upon appropriation, require the department to establish, develop, implement, and administer the 2-1-1 Support Services Grant Program. The bill would require the department to allocate 85% of funds for grants to fund core activities of 2-1-1 agencies, including, among

others, contact handling, as specified, and improving the statewide ability to manage resource and user needs data to support data sharing and delivery to health systems, government agencies and other key partners, and shared capacity for analytics and systems.

SB 339 ([Wiener](#) D) HIV preexposure prophylaxis.

Status: 3/6/2023-Set for hearing April 10.

Location: 2/15/2023-S. B., P. & E.D.

Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Conf.	Enrolled	Vetoed	Chtered
								Conf. Conc.			

Calendar:

4/10/2023 12 p.m. and upon adjournment of Session, if necessary - 1021 O Street, Room 2100 SENATE BUSINESS, PROFESSIONS AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT, ROTH, RICHARD, Chair

Summary:

Current law authorizes a pharmacist to furnish at least a 30-day supply of HIV preexposure prophylaxis, and up to a 60-day supply of those drugs if certain conditions are met. This bill would authorize a pharmacist to furnish up to a 90-day course of preexposure prophylaxis, or preexposure prophylaxis beyond a 90-day course, if specified conditions are met. The bill would require the California State Board of Pharmacy to adopt emergency regulations to implement these provisions by July 1, 2024.

SB 402 ([Wahab](#) D) Emergency services: limiting police response.

Status: 2/22/2023-Referred to Coms. on HEALTH and G.O.

Location: 2/22/2023-S. HEALTH

Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Conf.	Enrolled	Vetoed	Chtered
								Conf. Conc.			

Summary:

Current law requires the future implementation of a statewide "988" telephone system for suicide prevention and mental health crises. This bill would require 911 or other service center calls for service relating to mental health or homelessness, as specified, to be dispatched to fire district or department personnel, EMS personnel, mental health personnel, or nonsworn unarmed police personnel and not to police officers, except as otherwise provided.

SB 411 ([Portantino](#) D) Open meetings: teleconferences: bodies with appointed

membership.

Status: 2/22/2023-Referred to Coms. on GOV. & F. and JUD.

Location: 2/22/2023-S. GOV. & F.

Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Conf.	Enrolled	Vetoed	Chaptered
								Conf. Conc.			

Summary:

Current law, until January 1, 2024, authorizes the legislative body of a local agency to use alternate teleconferencing provisions during a proclaimed state of emergency or in other situations related to public health that exempt a legislative body from the general requirements (emergency provisions) and impose different requirements for notice, agenda, and public participation, as prescribed. The emergency provisions specify that they do not require a legislative body to provide a physical location from which the public may attend or comment. Current law, until January 1, 2026, authorizes the legislative body of a local agency to use alternative teleconferencing in certain circumstances related to the particular member if at least a quorum of its members participate from a singular physical location that is open to the public and situated within the agency's jurisdiction and other requirements are met, including restrictions on remote participation by a member of the legislative body. This bill would authorize a legislative body to use alternate teleconferencing provisions similar to the emergency provisions indefinitely and without regard to a state of emergency. The bill would alternatively define "legislative body" for this purpose to mean a board, commission, or advisory body of a local agency, the membership of which board, commission, or advisory body is appointed and which board, commission, or advisory body is otherwise subject to the Ralph M. Brown Act.

[SB 472](#) (Hurtado D) Pupil health: opioid overdose reversal medication.

Status: 3/2/2023-Set for hearing March 22.

Location: 2/22/2023-S. ED.

Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Conf.	Enrolled	Vetoed	Chaptered
								Conf. Conc.			

Calendar:

3/22/2023 9 a.m. - 1021 O Street, Room 2100 SENATE EDUCATION, NEWMAN, JOSH, Chair

Summary:

Would require each individual public school operated by a school district, county office of education, or charter school to maintain at least 2 doses of naloxone

hydrochloride or another opioid antagonist for purposes of those authorizations. The bill would require any school district, county office of education, or charter school that does not exercise their authorization to distribute naloxone hydrochloride or another opioid antagonist on its campus to report to the State Department of Education and the State Department of Health Care Services on or before an unspecified date, and annually thereafter, certain information. By imposing additional duties on public schools, the bill would impose a state-mandated local program.

[**SB 571**](#) ([Allen](#) D) Development projects: emergency preparedness.

Status: 2/22/2023-Referred to Com. on GOV. & F.

Location: 2/22/2023-S. GOV. & F.

Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Conf.	Enrolled	Vetoed	Chaptered
								Conc.			

Summary:

Would require a proponent of a new development within a state responsibility area or local responsibility area that is within a high or very high fire hazard severity zone to include an evacuation plan with its application submitted to the local government for the development. The bill would subject the evacuation plan to the independent approval of the local government, as defined, the respective law enforcement and fire agencies that have jurisdictional response authority over the relevant area, and the California Highway Patrol if the proposed evacuation routing utilizes state or federal highways. The bill would require the evacuation plan to consist of specified information, including a wildfire behavior study, a traffic engineering study, and the best available routes for evacuation egress by populations within the development when threatened by wildfire. By imposing new duties on local governments in reviewing and approving developments in high and very high fire hazard severity zones, the bill would impose a state-mandated local program.

[**SB 582**](#) ([Becker](#) D) Health records: EHR vendors.

Status: 2/22/2023-Referred to Coms. on HEALTH and JUD.

Location: 2/22/2023-S. HEALTH

Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Conf.	Enrolled	Vetoed	Chaptered
								Conc.			

Summary:

Current law establishes the California Health and Human Services Agency

(CHHSA), which includes departments charged with administration of health, social, and human services. Current law establishes the California Health and Human Services Data Exchange Framework that includes a single data sharing agreement and common set of policies and procedures that govern and require the exchange of health information among health care entities and government agencies in California. Existing law requires specified entities to execute the framework data sharing agreement on or before January 31, 2023. This bill would require EHR vendors, as defined, to execute the framework data sharing agreement on or before July 1, 2024.

[**SB 868**](#) (Wilk R) **Pupil safety: trauma kits.**

Status: 3/8/2023-Set for hearing March 29.

Location: 3/1/2023-S. ED.

Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Desk	Policy	Fiscal	Floor	Conf.	Enrolled	Vetoed	Chtered
								Conf. Conc.			

Calendar:

3/29/2023 9 a.m. - 1021 O Street, Room 2100 SENATE EDUCATION, NEWMAN,
JOSH, Chair

Summary:

Current law requires the governing board of a school district, superintendent of schools, or the principal of a public or private school in the state to equip the school with a first aid kit whenever a pupil of the school is conducted or taken on a field trip, as specified. This bill, commencing with the 2024–25 school year and contingent upon an appropriation for its purposes, would require each school district, county office of education, and charter school to equip each classroom at each of its schoolsites with a trauma kit, as defined. By imposing additional duties on local educational agencies, the bill would impose a state-mandated local program.

Total Measures: 40

Total Tracking Forms: 40